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UNDERGROUND MULTIMUON EXPERIMENT IN THE PYHÄSALMI MINE



Introduction

The purpose of the underground multimuon experiment is

- To study the composition (and origin) of cosmic rays at the knee region $(10^{15} 10^{16} \text{ eV})$
- To observe with high statistic high-energy multimuon events having very high multiplicity

The setup and the depth are optimised for the primary composition on the knee region

Cosmic-ray experiments have not yet been performed in the same way

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Experimental Setup

Total area intended to be $100 - 300 \text{ m}^2$

(1) **DELPHI** Barrel Muon Chambers (MUB)

- one planck consists of seven chambers
- active volume: 3.65 m long \times 20 cm wide \times 1.6 cm high (one chamber)
- 'normal' gas mixture: Ar:CH₄:CO₂ (88:7:5) (for DELPHI)
 CORAL-test-setup gas mixture: Ar:CH₄:CO₂ (90:5:5)
- our mixture: Ar:CO₂ (95:5)
- ten planks tested
 - eight works well
 - position resolution obtained better than 5 mm in both directions
 - \ll efficiency measured better than 95% for voltage interval of 5.9 6.2 kV

(2) Plastic scintillators

Surface array

• small surface EAS-array will be set up for measuring the direction and the energy using plastic scintillators

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Experimental Setup / Prototype

Before setting up the full-size detector, a prototype detector is constructed

Prototype Detector (MUB)

- consists of 6 or 8 planks in two layers
 area about 9 m² or 12 m²
- situates 210 metres underground (~600 mwe)
- Does not contain methane; the mixture is: Ar:CO₂ ~(95:5)
- under construction
 - will be placed underground during the first quarter of the next year



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The Depth

The most interesting energy range of muons is between 50 GeV and 100 GeV

- at higher energies the statistics gets smaller
- at lower energies muons could not be confidently detected (too many muons)



In reality, there are no caverns for large-size detectors at these depths



Detectors will be setup at 210 metres underground (\sim 600 mwe) (\sim 150 GeV)

Some Expected Results Result of a simulation (by L. Ding *et al.*, ICRC1999)

Lateral distribution of multimuon events with energy higher than 100 GeV, originating from proton- and iron-initiated showers with initial energy of 5000 TeV The distribution of the ratios for the number of muons of the 'central' detector over the average of 'outer' detectors in each event





Conclusions

The prototype detector of the underground multimuon experiment is under construction

Prototype detector starts running underground around april/may 2005

- IF full-size detector (\sim 200 m²) can be constructed,
 - about three-year running could give some new information on the composition of cosmic rays in the knee region

Collaboration

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